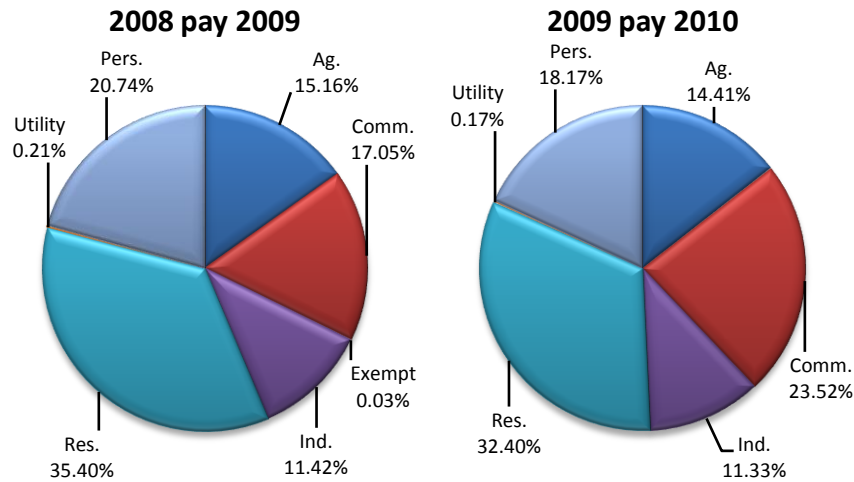


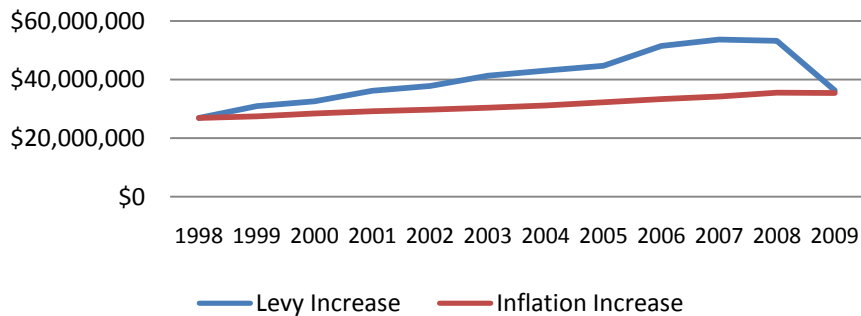
Shelby County

Who pays property taxes?



Values show the percentage of net taxes due by major property class.

How much has spending changed?

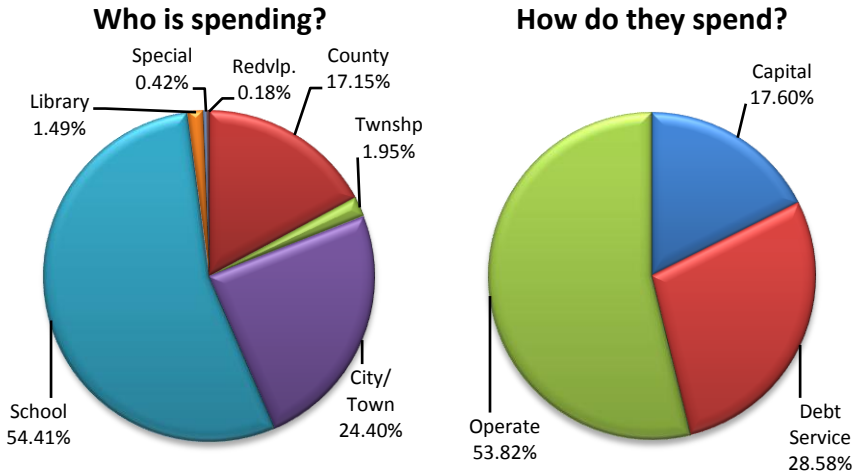


2010 Circuit Breaker Credits

1% Cap Recipients	2% Cap Recipients	3% Cap Recipients	65+ Cap Recipients
\$340,853.60	\$761,774.48	\$4,762.58	\$22,048.26

Department of Local Government Finance
2010

Who spends property taxes and how?



Unit Name	2009 Levy	2010 Levy	%Change
SHELBY COUNTY	\$6,772,367	\$6,654,428	-1.7%
ADDISON TOWNSHIP	\$73,899	\$91,940	24.4%
BRANDYWINE TOWNSHIP	\$91,181	\$86,243	-5.4%
HANOVER TOWNSHIP	\$62,524	\$63,112	0.9%
HENDRICKS TOWNSHIP	\$20,314	\$20,870	2.7%
JACKSON TOWNSHIP	\$18,273	\$18,862	3.2%
LIBERTY TOWNSHIP	\$19,865	\$20,810	4.8%
MARION TOWNSHIP	\$36,341	\$37,507	3.2%
MORAL TOWNSHIP	\$167,060	\$159,901	-4.3%
NOBLE TOWNSHIP	\$29,965	\$30,702	2.5%
SHELBY TOWNSHIP	\$61,026	\$61,836	1.3%
SUGAR CREEK TOWNSHIP	\$35,834	\$57,896	61.6%
UNION TOWNSHIP	\$26,932	\$24,735	-8.2%
VAN BUREN TOWNSHIP	\$55,343	\$56,455	2.0%
WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP	\$26,053	\$26,922	3.3%
SHELBYVILLE CIVIL CITY	\$8,704,942	\$9,007,881	3.5%
ST. PAUL CIVIL TOWN	\$18,761	\$18,428	-1.8%
EDINBURGH CIVIL TOWN	\$92,794	\$139,685	50.5%
MORRISTOWN CIVIL TOWN	\$258,848	\$264,885	2.3%
FAIRLAND CIVIL TOWN		\$38,999	0.0%
DECATUR COUNTY COMMUNITY SCHOOL CORPORATION	\$16,373	\$17,263	5.4%
SHELBY EASTERN SCHOOL CORPORATION	\$4,916,427	\$4,898,506	-0.4%
NORTHWESTERN CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL CORPORATION	\$2,708,987	\$3,032,716	12.0%
SOUTHWESTERN CONSOLIDATED SHELBY COUNTY SCHOOL CORPORATION	\$1,888,528	\$1,877,966	-0.6%
SHELBYVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL CORPORATION	\$9,328,047	\$11,288,721	21.0%
SHELBYVILLE-SHELBY COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY	\$559,616	\$579,546	3.6%
SHELBY COUNTY SOLID WASTE	\$158,727	\$163,515	3.0%
WALDRON CONSERVANCY DISTRICT	\$68,460	\$68,460	0.0%
MORRISTOWN REDEVELOPMENT COMMISSION	\$0	\$0	0.0%
SHELBYVILLE REDEVELOPMENT COMMISSION	\$0	\$0	0.0%
Total	\$36,217,487	\$38,808,790	7.2%

Beginning in 2009, the state assumed some costs previously paid with property taxes, including the school general fund, child welfare levies, costs of juvenile incarceration in state facilities, state fair and forestry levies, health care for the indigent, pre-school special education levies and costs of police and fire pensions.